

Molecular Modeling Computational Chemistry

<http://molview.org>

Shapes ↔ Lewis Structures

Covalent Bonds:

Lewis Structures, Molecular
Shapes

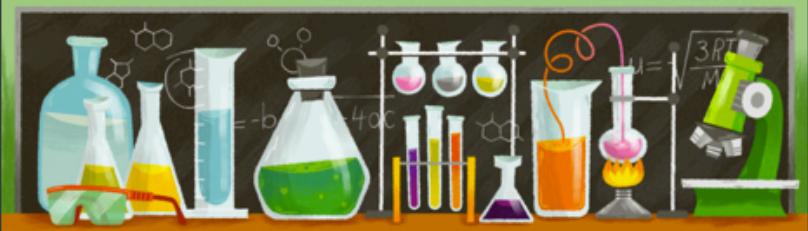
Dr. Ron Rusay



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https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Jq_Ca-HKh1g

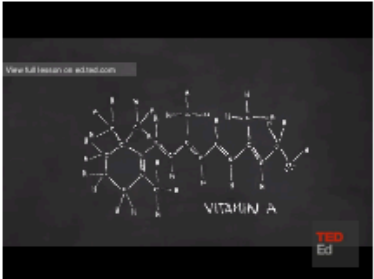
Shapes of Molecules



What is the Shape of a Molecule?

View the video and complete the Guiding Questions that follow.

* Required



Name: Last, First *

DVC id *

View: What is the shape of a molecule?

George Zaidan and Charles Morton

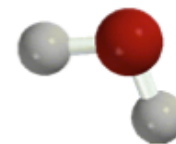
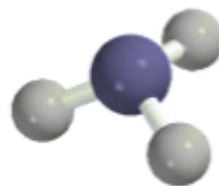
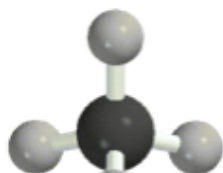
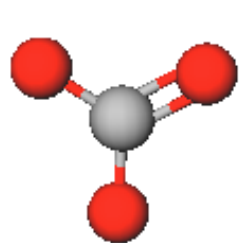
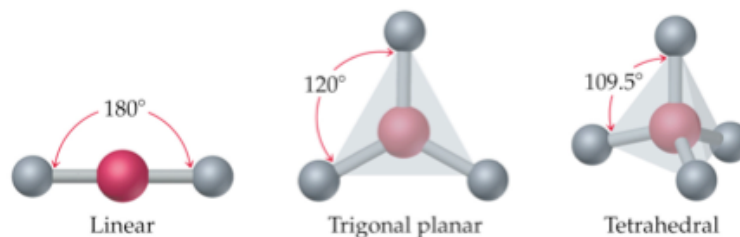


<http://chemconnections.org/general/chem108/Molecular%252520Shapes-Guide.html>

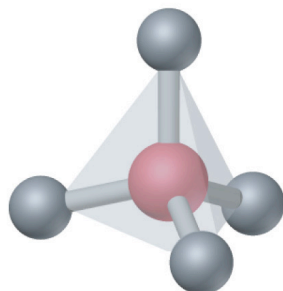
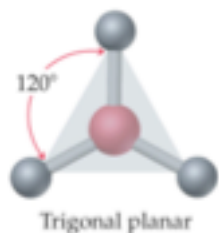
Molecular Shapes

Molecular Models for C, H, N, O

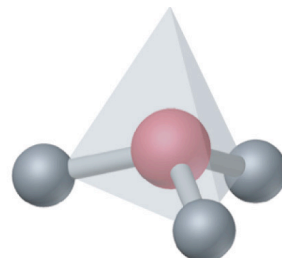
- Fundamental repeating shapes found in every biological and synthetically made organic molecule including plastics



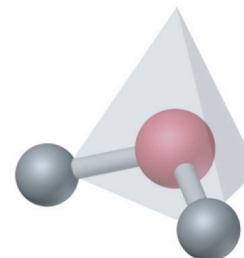
C = black
H = gray
N = blue
O = red



Tetrahedral



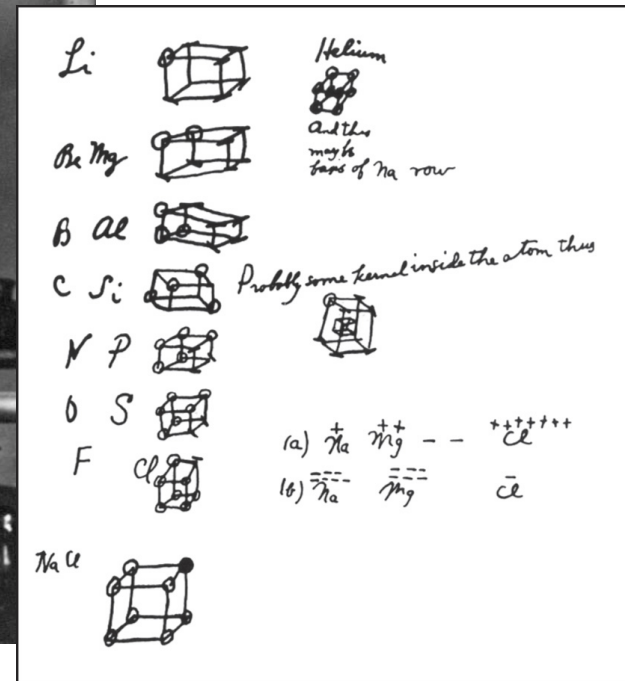
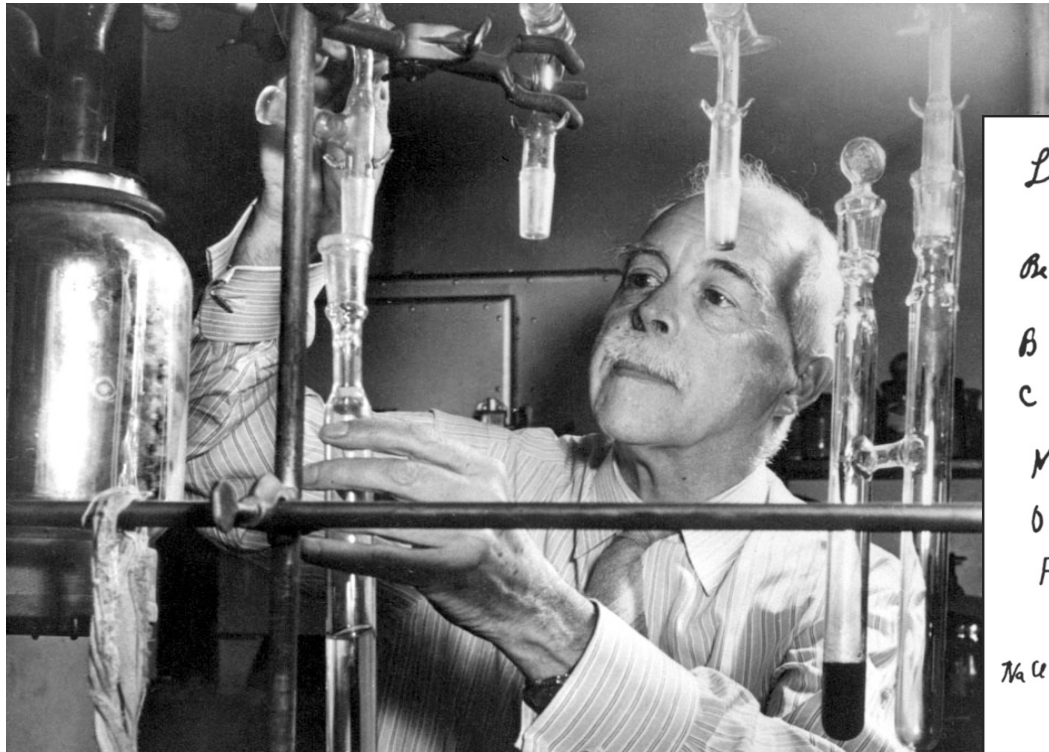
Trigonal pyramidal



Bent

pink = generic atom

Professor Gilbert Newton Lewis (circa 1940)

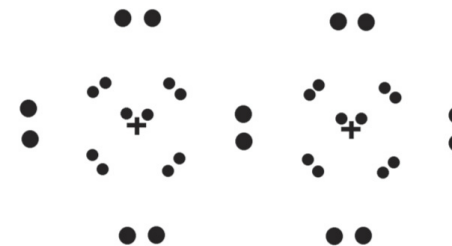


G.N. Lewis

Photo Bancroft Library, University of California/LBNL Image Library

Footnote:

G.N. Lewis, despite his insight and contributions to chemistry, was never awarded the Nobel prize.

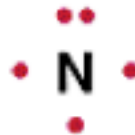
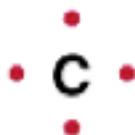


Notes from Lewis' s notebook and his "Lewis" structure.

Valence Electrons – Lewis Dot Drawings

A Groups-Periods 2 & 3

		1A(1)	2A(2)						
		ns^1	ns^2	3A(13)	4A(14)	5A(15)	6A(16)	7A(17)	8A(18)
		ns^1	ns^2	ns^2np^1	ns^2np^2	ns^2np^3	ns^2np^4	ns^2np^5	ns^2np^6
Period	2	• Li	• Be •	• B •	• C •	• N •	• O •	• F •	• Ne •
	3	• Na	• Mg •	• Al •	• Si •	• P •	• S •	• Cl •	• Ar •



Covalent Bond Numbers

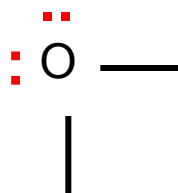
(Neutral Atoms!)



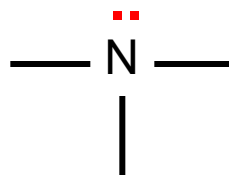
one bond



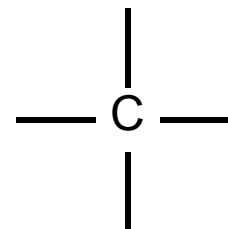
two bonds

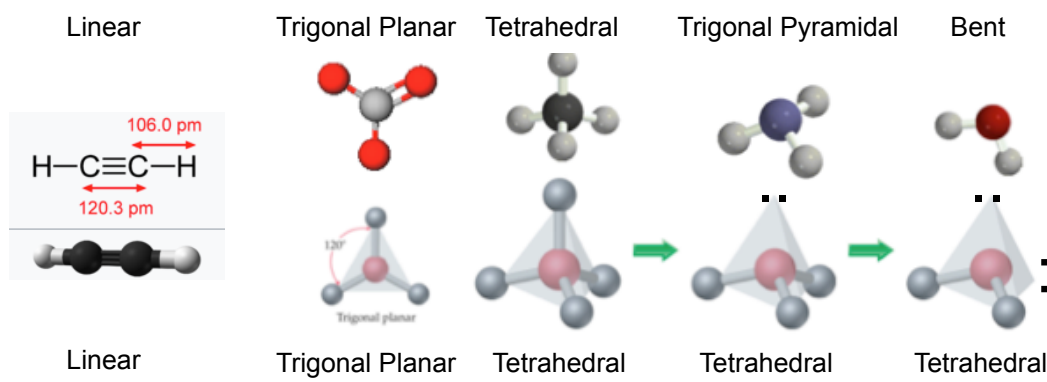


three bonds



four bonds





*Molecular Models
[Handout]*

molecular shape

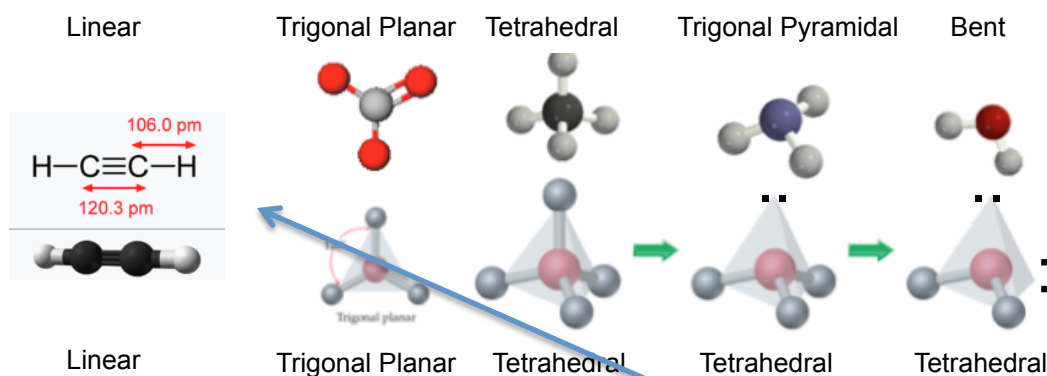
**“electronic”=“VSEPR” shape
includes the electron pairs
(VSEPR: Electron Domain)**

Symbol	Valence electrons	Number of Bonds	Types	Shape	
				electronic	molecular
C	4	4	4 single		
		4	2 single + 1 double		
		4	1 single + 1 triple		
H	1	1	1 single		
		2	1 double		
O	6	2	2 single		
		2	1 double		
N	5	3	3 single		
		3	1 single + 1 double		
		3	1 triple		

Molecular Models [Handout]

molecular shape

“electronic”=“VSEPR” shape
includes the electron pairs
(VSEPR: Electron Domain)



Symbol	Valence electrons	Number of Bonds	Types	Shape	
				electronic	molecular
C	4	4	4 single	T	T
		4	2 single + 1 double	TPI	TPI
		4	1 single + 1 triple	L	L
H	1	1	1 single	L	L
O	6	2	1 double	TPI	L
		2	2 single	T	B
N	5	3	3 single	T	TPy
		3	1 single + 1 double	TPI	B
		3	1 triple	L	L

carbon-carbon bond lengths

Single longest length

Double shorter length

Triple shortest length

Linear = L

Trigonal Planar = TPI

Tetrahedral =T

Trigonal Pyramidal =TPy

Bent = B

Lewis Structures ↔ Molecular Shapes

Report Form – Molecular Models

Chemical Formula	# Valence e's in Molecule	Lewis Structure	Name of VSEPR Arrangement (Geometry)	Name of Shape (Molecular Geometry)	Bond (Polar or Non-Polar)	Molecule (Polar or Non-Polar)	3 Dimensional Drawing	Resonance (Yes or No)
H ₂ O		<pre> O / \ H H </pre>				Polar		No
NH ₃	8	<pre> H H \ / N / \ H H </pre>				Polar		No
CH ₄		<pre> H C H \ / \ / C / \ / \ H C H </pre>						No
C ₂ H ₄		<pre> H C C H \ / \ / \ / C C / \ / \ / \ H C C H </pre>	Around each C	Around each C	C-H C-C	Non-Polar		No
HCN		<pre> H C N \ / \ / C / \ / \ H C H </pre>	Around C	Around C	H-C C-N	Polar		No
C ₂ H ₂		<pre> H C C H \ / \ / \ / C C / \ / \ / \ H C C H </pre>	Around each C	Around each C	C-H C-C			No
SO ₂		<pre> O S O \ / \ / S / \ / \ H C H </pre>				Non-Polar		Yes

Name?
Ammonia

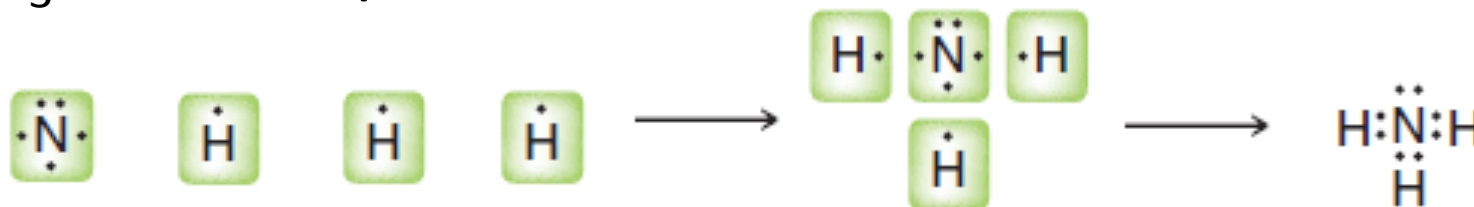
Molecular Modeling: Bonding & Lewis Structures
 Computational Chemistry: Molecular Modeling Report Form

Lewis Structures \leftrightarrow Molecular Shapes

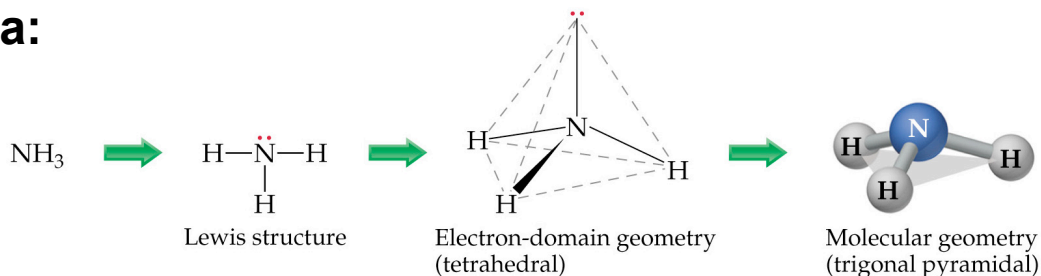
► For simple Lewis structures:

1. Draw the individual atoms using dots to represent the valence electrons.
2. Put the atoms together so they share PAIRS of electrons to make complete octets.

► NH_3 , for example:



Eg. Ammonia:



Molecular Shapes ↔ Lewis Structures

Report Form – Molecular Models

Chemical Formula	# Valence e's in Molecule	Lewis Structure	Name of VSEPR Arrangement (Geometry)	Name of Shape (Molecular Geometry)	Bond (Polar or Non-Polar)	Molecule (Polar or Non-Polar)	optional 3 Dimensional Drawing	Resonance (Yes or No)
H ₂ O		<pre> O / \ H H </pre>				Polar		No
NH ₃	8	<pre> H N H \ / \ H H </pre>				Polar		No
CH ₄		<pre> H C H \ / \ H H </pre>						No
C ₂ H ₄		<pre> H C C H \ / \ / \ H H H </pre>	Around each C	Around each C	C-H C-C	Non-Polar		No
HCN		<pre> H C N </pre>	Around C	Around C	H-C C-N	Polar		No
C ₂ H ₂		<pre> H C C H </pre>	Around each C	Around each C	C-H C-C			No
SO ₂		<pre> O S O \ / \ H H </pre>				Non-Polar		Yes

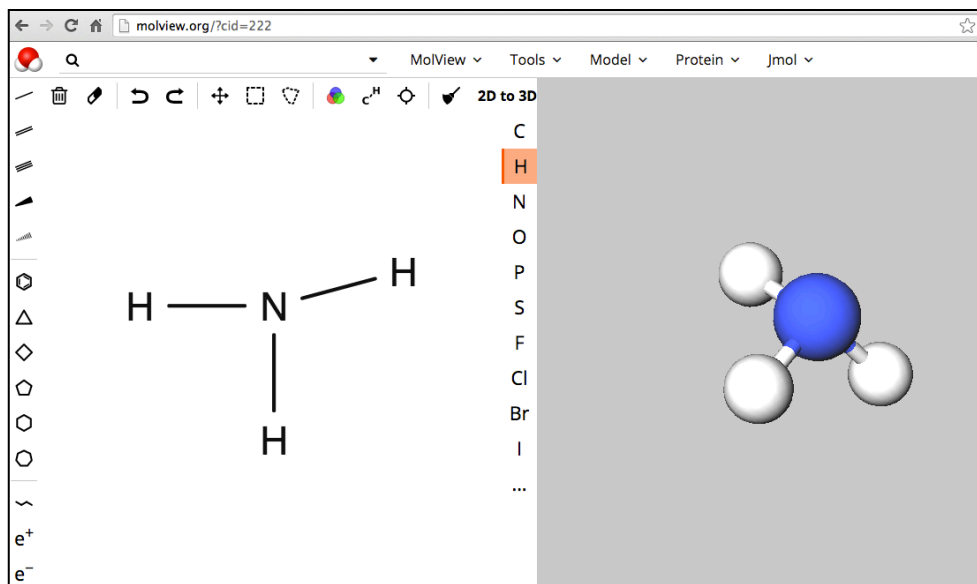
Name?
Ammonia

Molecular Modeling: Bonding & Lewis Structures
Computational Chemistry: Molecular Modeling Report Form

<http://molview.org>

Molecular Shapes ↔ Lewis Structures

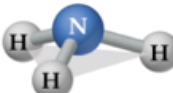

MolView: Visual On-line Molecular Modeling



Bonding, Lewis Structures, Molecular Modeling:
Computational Experiments

Molecular Shapes ↔ Lewis Structures

Report Form – Molecular Models

Chemical Formula	# Valence e's in Molecule	Lewis Structure	Name of VSEPR Arrangement (Geometry)	Name of Shape (Molecular Geometry)	Bond (Polar or Non-Polar)	Molecule (Polar or Non-Polar)	optional 3 Dimensional Drawing	Resonance (Yes or No)
H ₂ O		<pre> O / \ H H </pre>				Polar		No
NH ₃	8	<pre> H H \ / N H </pre>	Tetra-hedral	Trigonal Planar		Polar		No
CH ₄		<pre> H H \ / C H </pre>						No
C ₂ H ₄	12	<pre> H H H H \ / \ / \ / \ / C = C = C = C / \ / \ / \ / H H H H </pre>				Non-Polar		No
HCN		<pre> H C N C </pre>			C-N	Polar		No
C ₂ H ₂		<pre> H C C H C </pre>	Around each C	Around each C	C-H C-C			No
SO ₂		<pre> O S O \ / S </pre>				Non-Polar		Yes

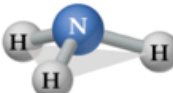

Name?
Ammonia

ethylene

Molecular Modeling: Bonding & Lewis Structures
 Computational Chemistry: Molecular Modeling Report Form

Molecular Shapes ↔ Lewis Structures

Report Form – Molecular Models

Chemical Formula	# Valence e's in Molecule	Lewis Structure	Name of VSEPR Arrangement (Geometry)	Name of Shape (Molecular Geometry)	Bond (Polar or Non-Polar)	Molecule (Polar or Non-Polar)	optional 3 Dimensional Drawing	Resonance (Yes or No)
H ₂ O		<pre> O / \ H H </pre>				Polar		No
NH ₃	8	<pre> H H \ / N H </pre>	Tetra- hedral	Trigonal Planar		Polar		No
CH ₄		<pre> H H \ / C H </pre>						No
C ₂ H ₄	12	<pre> H H H H \ / \ / C = C / \ / \ H H H H </pre>	Around each C TRIGONAL PLANAR	Around each C TRIG- PLANAR		Non- Polar		No
HCN		<pre> H C N C N </pre>			C-N	Polar		No
C ₂ H ₂		<pre> H C C H C C </pre>	Around each C	Around each C	C-H C-C			No
SO ₂		<pre> O S O \ / \ S O </pre>				Non- Polar		Yes

Name?
Ammonia

ethylene

Molecular Modeling: Bonding & Lewis Structures
Computational Chemistry: Molecular Modeling Report Form

<http://molview.org>

Molecular Shapes \longleftrightarrow Lewis Structures

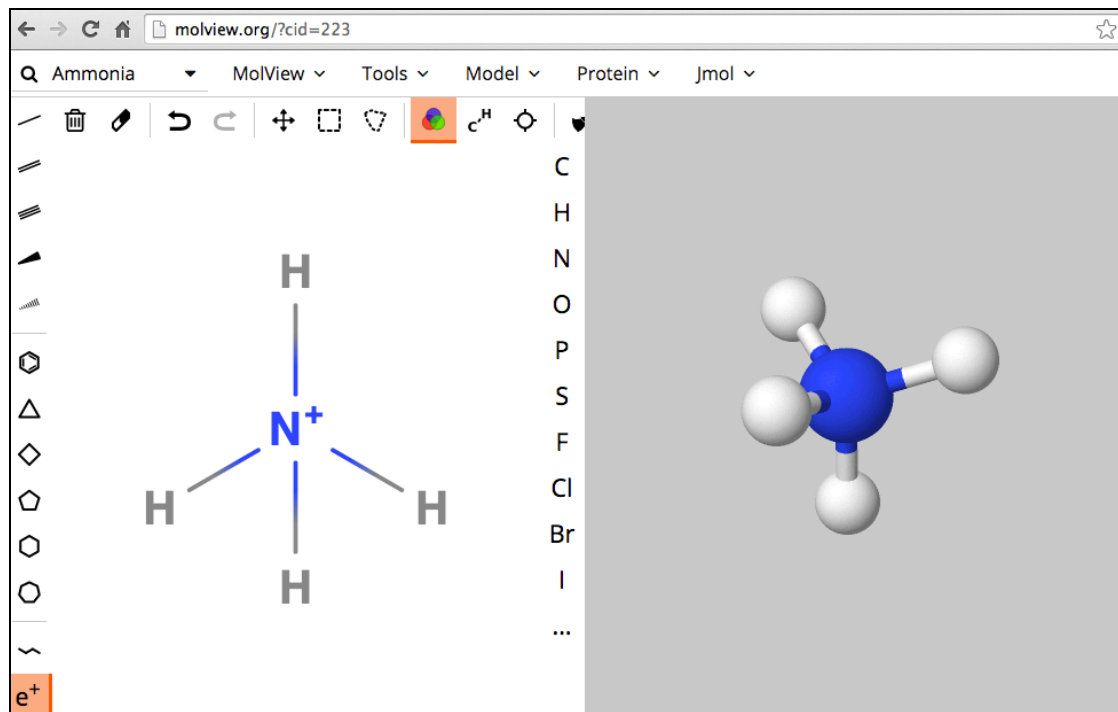
Chemical Formula	# Valence e's in Molecule	Lewis Structure	Name of VSEPR Arrangement (Geometry)	Name of Shape (Molecular Geometry)	Bond (Polar or Non-Polar)	Molecule (Polar or Non-Polar)	3 Dimensional Drawing	Resonance (Yes or No)
N_2		N N						No
<i>Ammonium</i> $(NH_4)^+$		<pre> H H H - N - H H </pre>				Polyatomic Ion		No
PBr_3		<pre> Br P Br Br </pre>				Polar		No
$(NO_2)^-$		<pre> O N - O </pre>				Polyatomic Ion		Yes
$(CO_3)^{2-}$		<pre> O C O O </pre>				Polyatomic Ion		Yes
CH_2O		<pre> O C H H </pre>						No

Molecular Modeling: Bonding & Lewis Structures
 Computational Chemistry: Molecular Modeling Report Form

<http://molview.org>

Molecular Shapes \longleftrightarrow Lewis Structures

MolView: Visual On-line Molecular Modeling



Ammonium
(polyatomic ion)

Molecular Modeling: Bonding & Lewis Structures
Computational Chemistry: Molecular Modeling Report Form

VSEPR (Electronic) GeometryMolecular GeometryBond Angle# of lone pairs

**Important
in
Organic
Compounds**

Linear

Linear

180°



0

Trigonal Planar

Trigonal Planar

120°



0

Trigonal Planar

Bent

<120°

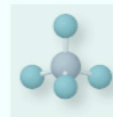


1

Tetrahedral

Tetrahedral

109.5°



0

Tetrahedral

Trigonal Pyramidal

<109.5°

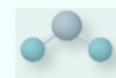


1

Tetrahedral

Bent

<109.5°



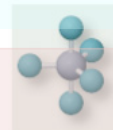
2

**See again
in
Chem 120
and possibly
in
Chem 109**

Trigonal Bipyramidal

Trigonal Bipyramidal

120°, 90°



0

Trigonal Bipyramidal

Seesaw

<120°, <90°



1

Trigonal Bipyramidal

T-shape

<90°



2

Trigonal Bipyramidal

Linear

180°



3

Octahedral

Octahedral

90°



0

Octahedral

Square Pyramidal

<90°

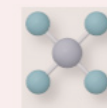


1

Octahedral

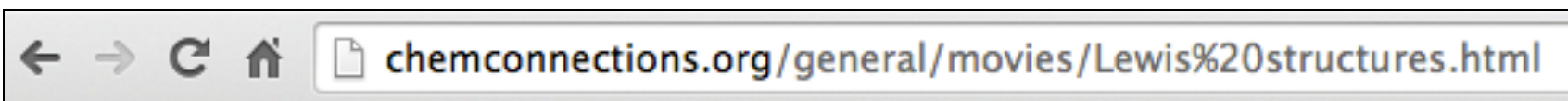
Square Planar

90°



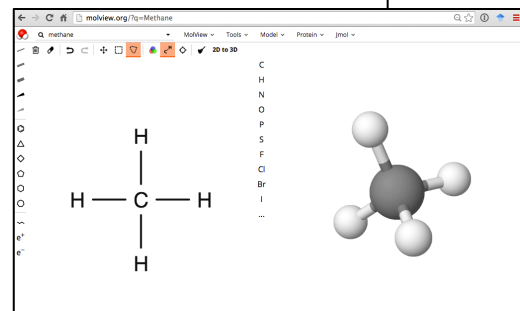
2

<http://chemconnections.org/general/movies/Lewis%20structures.html>



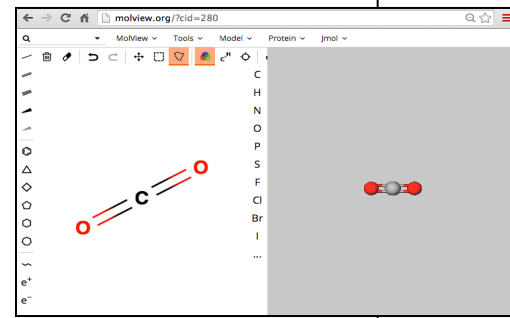
CH₄

Click for total number of valence electrons.	$4 + (4 \times 1) = 8$ Click again for skeleton.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} \\ \\ \text{H}-\text{C}-\text{H} \\ \\ \text{H} \end{array}$ Click again to subtract 2 electrons for each bond.	$4 \times 2 = 8$ 8 electrons used in bonds. $8 - 8 = 0$ remaining to distribute. Click again to see final Lewis structure.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} \\ \\ \text{H}-\text{C}-\text{H} \\ \\ \text{H} \end{array}$ CH ₄
--	---	---	--	--



CO₂

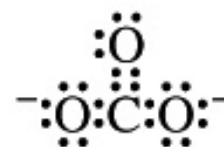
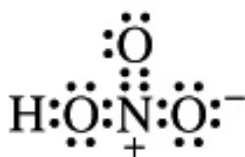
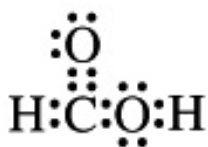
Click for total number of valence electrons.	$4 + (2 \times 6) = 16$ Click again for skeleton.	$\text{O}-\text{C}-\text{O}$ Click again to subtract 2 electrons for each bond.	$2 \times 2 = 4$ 4 electrons used in bonds. $16 - 4 = 12$ remaining to distribute. Click to distribute the remaining electrons.	$:\ddot{\text{O}}-\text{C}-\ddot{\text{O}}:$ Click to complete carbon's octet by formation of double bonds.	$:\ddot{\text{O}}=\text{C}=\ddot{\text{O}}:$ CO ₂
--	--	--	---	--	---



Lewis Structures / Covalent Compounds

- Share valence electrons.
- 1 pair = 1 bond; maximum # of atom-atom bonds = 3.
- Octet rule (“duet” for hydrogen)
- Lewis structure examples:

Lewis structures



Notice the “formal” charges:

In one case they balance, can you name the compound?

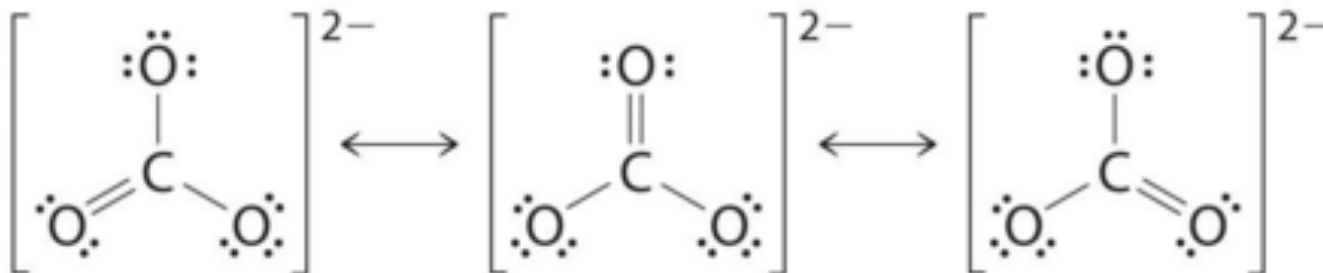
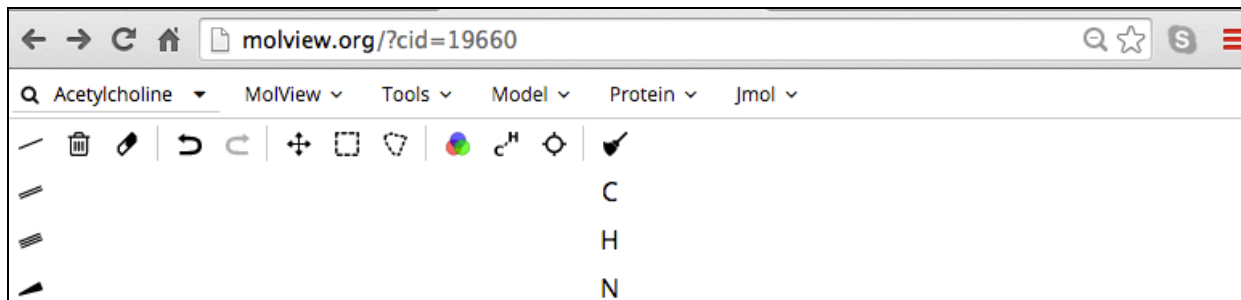
In the other they do not.

They both have “formal” charges. Can you name the polyatomic ion?

<http://molview.org>

Resonance Models & Lewis Structures

MolView: Carbonate Polyatomic Ion



--
e⁺
e⁻

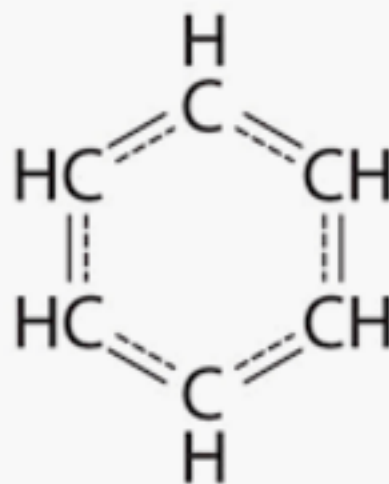
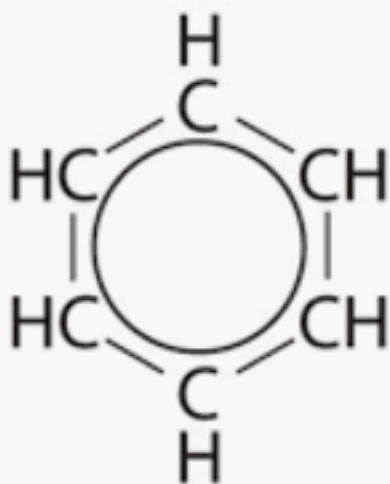
resonance structures

Bonding, Lewis Structures, Molecular Modeling:

Resonance

- Occurs when more than one valid Lewis structure can be written for a particular molecule

mo
or t



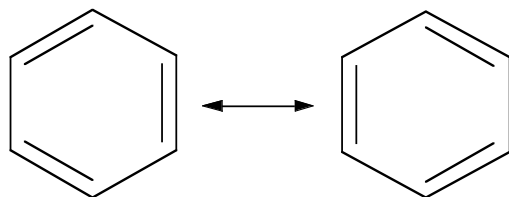
double

- An overall **resonance structure** is a weighted average of all of the possible resonance structures.

Question

Two resonance structures of benzene, a human carcinogen, with C-C & C=C bonds are shown below.

Which statement is incorrect?

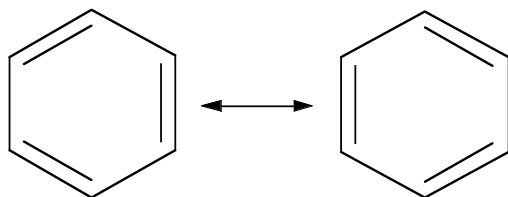


- A. The double headed arrow indicates that the 2 resonance structures are rapidly interchanging.
- B. The normal bond length of a single bond is longer than a double bond.
- C. The best resonance structure localizes the bonds so that the double bonds on the right are preferred.
- D. The actual bond lengths in benzene are not equal to either single or double bonds.

Answer

Two resonance structures of benzene, a human carcinogen, with C-C & C=C bonds are shown below.

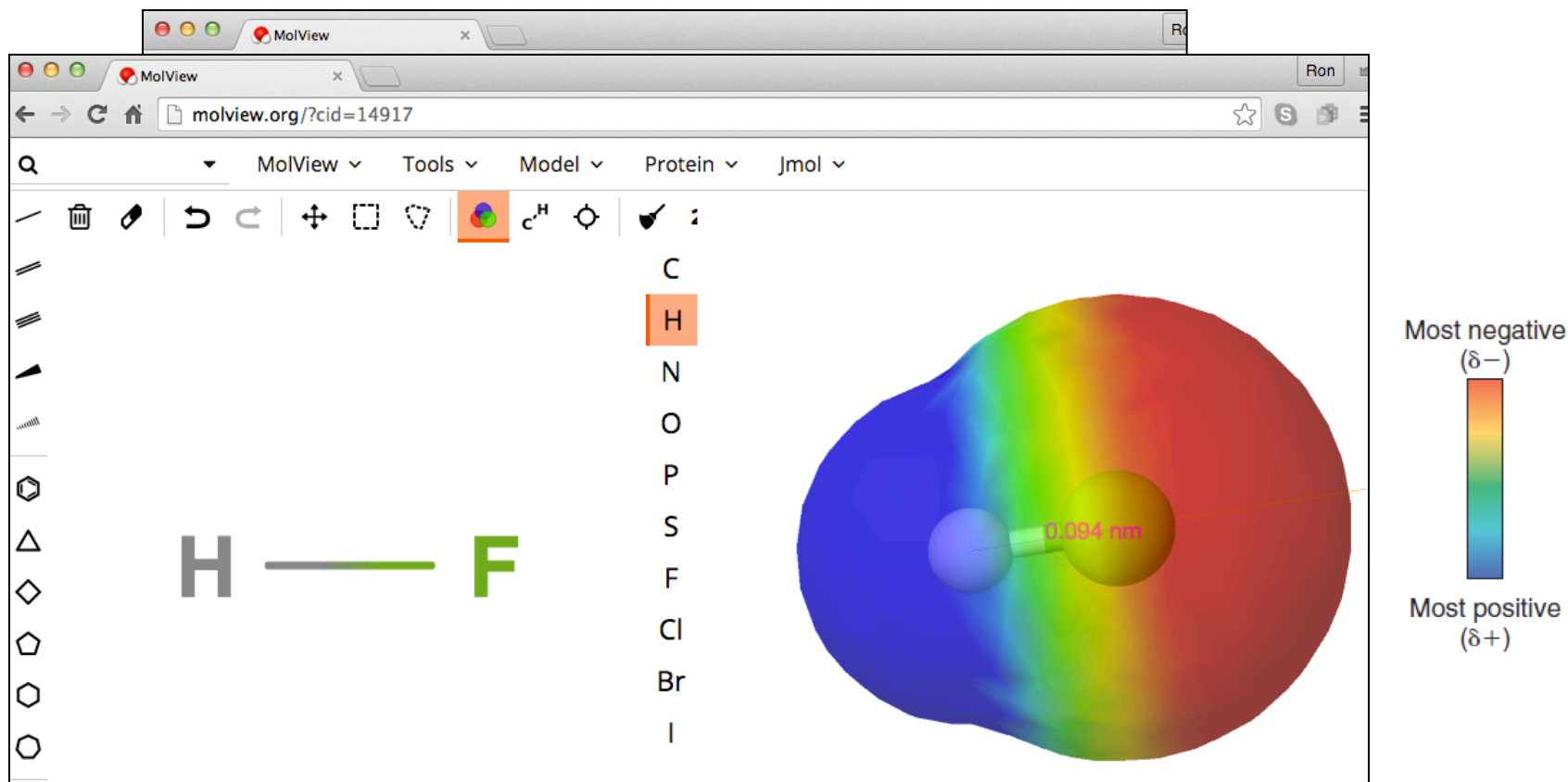
Which statement is incorrect?



- A. The double headed arrow indicates that the 2 resonance structures are rapidly interchanging.
- B. The normal bond length of a single bond is longer than a double bond.
- C. The best resonance structure localizes the bonds so that the double bonds on the right are preferred.
- D. The actual bond lengths in benzene are not equal to either single or double bonds.

Polarity & Modeling

Polarity: Molview (<http://molview.org>) Jmol



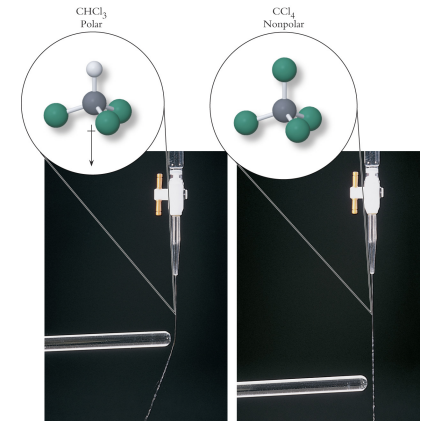
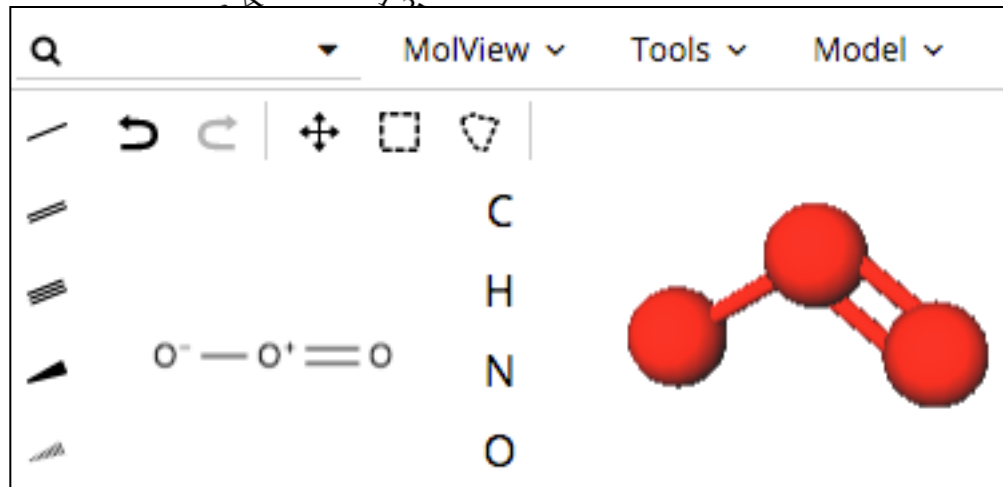
Color coded electron density distribution: red-highest, blue lowest, green balanced

The more distinct the red –blue colors means the more polar the molecule.

Polarity & Physical Properties

Ozone, Water, & Batteries

0.1278 nm



- Resultant Molecular Dipoles > 0
- Solubility: Polar molecules that dissolve or are dissolved in like molecules



- (b)
- The Lotus flower
 - Water & dirt repellancy: solubility?

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MBRTR2dlwvA&t=244s>

Electric

Battery

Electrical

Electricity

Current

Electron

Charging

Discharging

Positively Charged

Negatively Charged

of the physics of electrical phenomena.

TED Ed

6:43 / 6:56

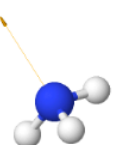
CC

Settings

Fullscreen

Molecular Shapes ↔ Lewis Structures

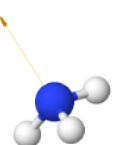
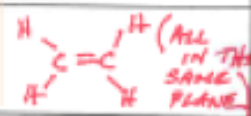
Report Form – Molecular Models

Chemical Formula	# Valence e's in Molecule	Lewis Structure	Name of VSEPR Arrangement (Geometry)	Name of Shape (Molecular Geometry)	Bond (Polar or Non-Polar)	Molecule (Polar or Non-Polar)	optional 3 Dimensional Drawing	Resonance (Yes or No)
H ₂ O		<pre> O / \ H H </pre>				Polar		No
<i>ammonia</i> NH ₃	8	<pre> H N H \ / \ H H </pre>	Tetra- hedral	Trigonal Planar	Polar	Polar		No
CH ₄		<pre> H C H \ / \ H H </pre>						No
<i>ethylene</i> C ₂ H ₄	12	<pre> H C C H \ / \ / \ H H H </pre>	Around each C <i>TRIGONAL PLANAR</i>	Around each C <i>TRIG- PLANAR</i>		Non-Polar		No
HCN		<pre> H C N </pre>			C-N	Polar		No
C ₂ H ₂		<pre> H C C H </pre>	Around each C	Around each C	C-H C-C			No
SO ₂		<pre> O S O \ / \ </pre>				Non-Polar		Yes

Molecular Modeling: Bonding & Lewis Structures
 Computational Chemistry: Molecular Modeling Report Form

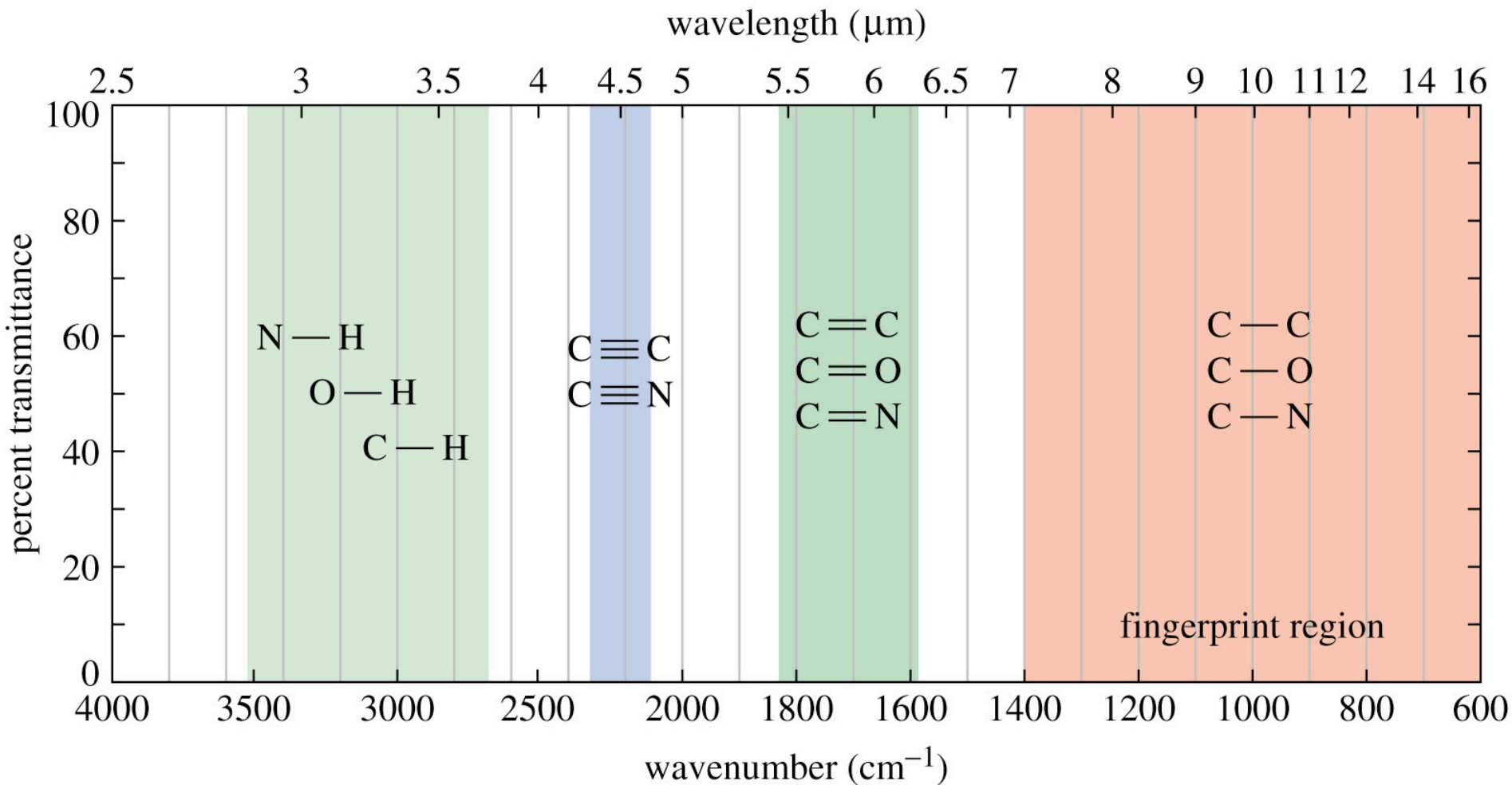
Molecular Shapes ↔ Lewis Structures

Report Form – Molecular Models

Chemical Formula	# Valence e's in Molecule	Lewis Structure	Name of VSEPR Arrangement (Geometry)	Name of Shape (Molecular Geometry)	Bond (Polar or Non-Polar)	Molecule (Polar or Non-Polar)	optional 3 Dimensional Drawing	Resonance (Yes or No)
H ₂ O		<pre> O / \ H H </pre>				Polar		No
<i>ammonia</i> NH ₃	8	<pre> H N H \ / \ H H </pre>	Tetra-hedral	Trigonal Planar	Polar	Polar		No
CH ₄		<pre> H C H \ / \ H H </pre>						No
<i>ethylene</i> C ₂ H ₄	12	<pre> H C C H \ / \ / \ H H H </pre>	Around each C <i>TRIGONAL PLANAR</i>	Around each C <i>TRIGONAL PLANAR</i>	C-H <i>Non polar</i> C-C <i>Non polar</i>	Non-Polar		No
HCN		<pre> H C N </pre>			C-C C-N	Polar		No
C ₂ H ₂		<pre> H C C H </pre>	Around each C	Around each C	C-H C-C			No
SO ₂		<pre> O S O \ / \ </pre>				Non-Polar		Yes

Molecular Modeling: Bonding & Lewis Structures
 Computational Chemistry: Molecular Modeling Report Form

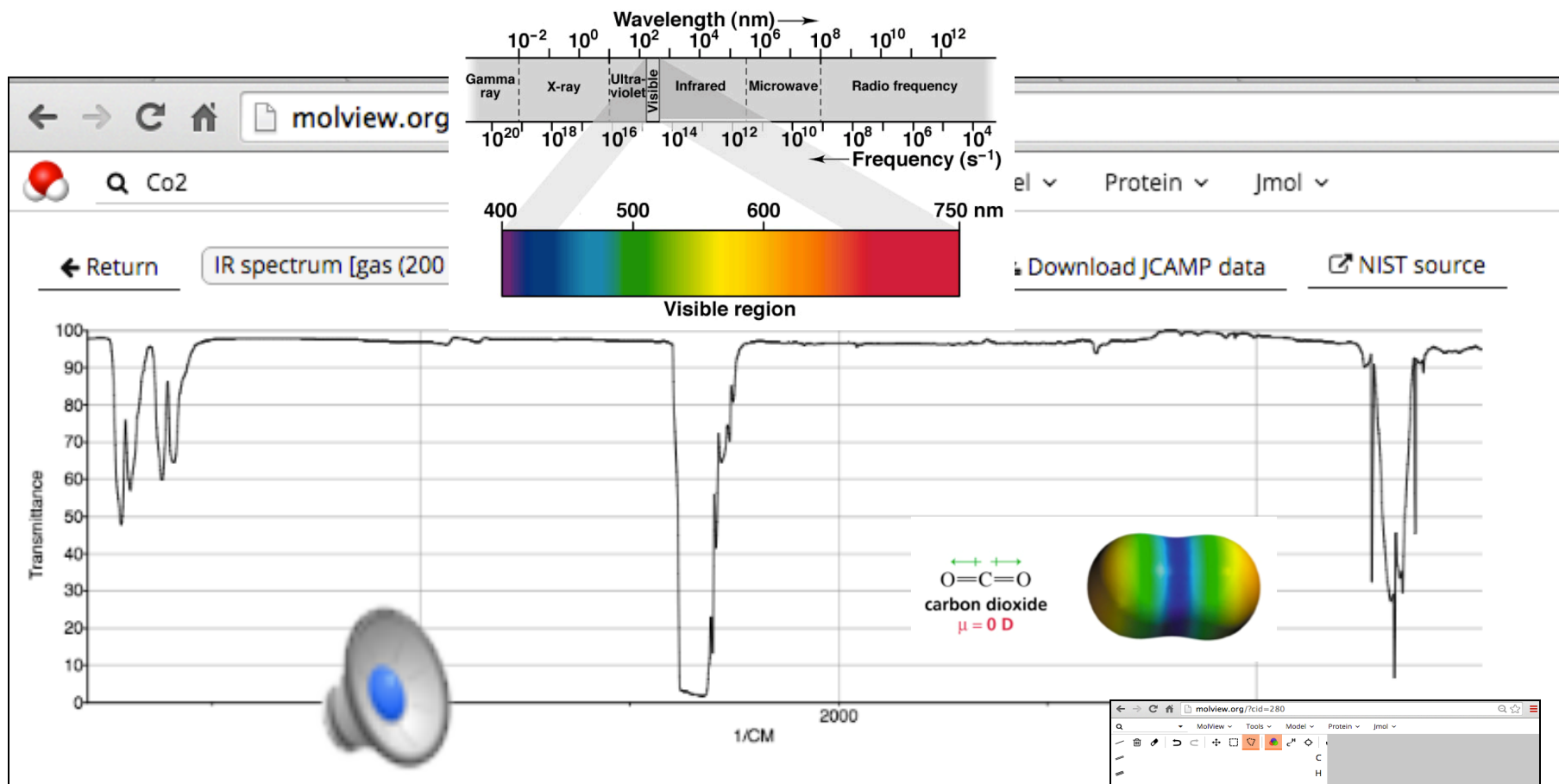
Infrared- Bond Absorbances



Invisible Molecular Motions:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b0IbXG0hnOk>

Infrared- Bond Absorbances



<http://molview.org>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W5gimZIFY6I>

